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ATOFINA CHEMICALS, INC. -- 00683, TURCO 4460-BK -- 6850-01-406-0408

Product ID:00683, TURCO 4460-BK MSDS Date:07/18/2000 FSC:6850 NIIN:01-406-0408 Status Code:A MSDS Number: CLGZW === Responsible Party === Company Name: ATOFINA CHEMICALS, INC. Address:2000 MARKET STREET City:PHILADELPHIA, State:PA ZIP:19103 Country:US Info Phone Num:800-848-0085 **Emergency Phone N** um:703-527-3887 Chemtrec Ind/Phone:(800)424-9300 CAGE:UO550 === Contractor Identification === Company Name: ATOFINA CHEMICALS, INC. Address:2000 MARKET STREET Box:City:PHILADELPHIA, State:PA ZIP:19103 Country:US Phone:800-848-0085 CAGE:UO550 Company Name: CHEMICAL SPECIALISTS AND DEVELOPMENT Address:2275 TUCKER INDUSTRIAL RD Box:City:TUCKER State:GA ZIP:30084 Country:US Phone:770-938-4513/FAX 770-938-3966 Contract Num:SP0450-01-M-ZE75 CAGE:1MDA6

======= Composition/Information on Ingredien

Ingred Name:PETROLEUM NAPHTHA CAS:64742-89-8 Minumum % Wt:40. Maxumum % Wt:50.

Ingred Name:TOLUENE CAS:108-88-3 RTECS #:XS5250000 Minumum % Wt:25. Maxumum % Wt:35. OSHA PEL:SEE TABLE Z-2 ACGIH TLV:188 MG/M3;50 PPM EPA Rpt Qty:1000 LBS DOT Rpt Qty:1000 LBS

Ingred Name:ETHYL ACETATE CAS:141-78-6 RTECS #:AH5425000 Minumum % Wt:15. Maxumum % Wt:25. OSHA PEL:1400 MG/M3;400 PPM ACGIH TLV:1440 MG/M3;400 PPM EPA Rpt Qty:5000 LBS DOT Rpt Qty:5000 LBS

Ingred Name:METHYL ISOBUTYL KETO NE CAS:108-10-1 RTECS #:SA9275000 Minumum % Wt:15. Maxumum % Wt:25. OSHA PEL:410 MG/M3;100 PPM ACGIH TLV:205 MG/M3;50 PPM ACGIH STEL:307 MG/M3;75 PPM EPA Rpt Qty:5000 LBS DOT Rpt Qty:5000 LBS

Ingred Name:ISOPROPANOL CAS:67-63-0 RTECS #:NT8050000 Minumum % Wt:5. Maxumum % Wt:15. OSHA PEL:980 MG/M3;400 PPM ACGIH TLV:983 MG/M3;400 PPM ACGIH STEL:1230 MG/M3;500 PPM

Health Hazards Acute and Chronic: BASED ON ITS COMPOSITION, IT IS

ANTICIPATED TO BE IRRITATING TO THE EYES & RESPIRATORY TRACT, PRODUCING EYE DAMAGE IF NOT REMOVED PROMPTLY, & MAY BE RAPIDLY ABSORBED AFTER INHALATION EXPOSURE & SKIN C ONTACT. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT REMOVES OILS FROM THE SKIN & MAY DRY SKIN. ALTHOUGH THIS MIX IS EXPECTED TO HAVE A LOW LEVEL OF LETHALITY, INTENTIONAL EXPOSURE TO A COMPONENT BY REPEATED INHALAT ION HAS RESULTED IN BRAIN DAMAGE. MILD TO SVERE LUNG INJURY MAY OCCUR IF DRAWN INTO THE LUNGS (AS

PIRATED) DURING SWALLOWING OR VOMITING. IN SEVERE CASES, DEATH DUE TO RESPIRATORY ARREST MAY OCCUR, OR PNEUMONIA MAY DEVELOP.

Effects of Overexposure:PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT CAUSE IRRITATION, REDNESS & RASH. OVERESPOSURE TO VAPOR MAY CAUSE POSSIBLE EFFECTS SUCH AS HEADACHES, FATIGUE, LOSS OF COORDINATION, DECREASES IN VISUAL ACCURACY, DIZZINE SS, & NAUSEA. EXTREME EXPOSURES MAY PRODUCE NAUSEA, VOMITING, IRREGULR HEARTBEAT, EXTREME WEAKNESS, TREMORS, IMPAIRED SP

EECH, HERAING & VISION, AS WELL AS PRONOUNCED LOSS OF COORDINATION & IMPAIRMENT OF REACTION TIME. LONG-TERM, REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY PRODUCE NERVOUSNESS, MUSCULAR FATIGUIE & PERSISTENT SLEEPNESS. IF SWALLOWED MAY CAUSE MOUTH & THROAT IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING & CNS EFFECTS. SYMP TOMS OF INJURY ARE INCREASED BREATHING.

First Aid:IF IN EYES, IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR 15 MINS. GET MEDIC

AL AID. IF ON SKIN, IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING & SHOES. GET MEDICAL AID. WASH CLOTHI NG BEFORE REUSE. DESTROY CONTAMINATED SHOES. IF SWALLOWED, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. GIVE WATER TO DRINK. GET MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. IF INHALES, REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. GET MEDICAL AID.

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Flash Point Method:TCC Flash Point:=-3.7C, 25.F Extinguishing Media:USE, FOAM, CARBON DIOXIDE OR DRY CHEMICAL. Fire Fighting Procedures:FIRE FIGHTERS AND OTHERS WHO MAY BE EXPOSED TO PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION SHOULD WEAR FULL FIRE FIGHTING TURN OUT GEAR (FULL BUNKER GEAR) AND SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS (PRESSURE DEMAND NIOSH APPR OVED OR EQUIVALENT). FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY DECONTAMINATED AFTER USE.

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nusual Fire/Explosion Hazard:VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND MAY TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND OR BE MOVED BY VENTILATION AND IGNITED BY HEAT, PILOT LIGHTS, AND OTHER FLAMES AND IGNITION SOURCES AT LOCATIONS DISTANT FROM MATERIAL HANDL ING POINT.

Spill Release Procedures: EXTINGUISH OR TURN OFF ALL IGNITION SOURCES. VENTILATE THE SPACE INVOLVED. WEAR APPROPRIATE PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT AS INDICATED IN CONTRO

L MEASURES. CONTAIN SPILL WITH INERT MATERIALS. CONSTRUC T A DIKE TO PREVENT SPREADING. COLLECT WITH NON-SPARKING TOOLS TO A SUITABLE CONTAINER. PREVENT WATERWAY CONTAMINATION. ABSORB LIQUID ONTO INERT ABSORBENT & PLACE IN DOT APPROVED DRUMS FOR DISPOSAL.

Handling and Storage Precautions:DO NOT GET IN EYES, ON SKIN OR CLOTHING. AVOID BREATHING VAPOR/MIST. KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VE

NTILATION. WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS & FLAME. USE GROUNDIN/BONDING CONNECTION WHEN TRANSFERRING MATERIAL TO PREVENT STATIC DISCHARGES/FIRE/EXPLOSION.

Other Precautions:STORAGE-STORE IN A COOL, DRY PLACE. AVOID EXCESSIVE HEAT. STORE OUT OF DIRECT SUNLIGHT IN A COOL, WELL-VENTILATED PLACE.

Respiratory Protection: AVOID BREATHING VAPOR OR MIST. WHEN AIRBORNE EXPOSURE LIMIT

S ARE EXCEEDED (SEE BELOW), USE NIOSH APPROVED RESPIRATORY PROTECTION EQUIPMENT APPROPRIATE TO THE MATERIAL AND/OR ITS COMPONENTS. CONSULT RE SPIRATOR MANUFACTURER TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATE TYPE EQUIPMENT FOR GIVEN APPLICATION. OBSERVE RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS SPECIFIED BY NIOSH OR THE MANUFACTURER. Ventilation:INVESTIGATE ENGINEERING TECHNIQUES TO REDUCE EXPOSURES

BELOW AIRBORNE EXPOSURE LIMITS. PROVIDE VENTILATION IF NECESSARY TO CONTROL EXPOSURE LEVELS.

**Protective Glo** 

ves:PROTECTIVE GLOVES, CONSULT GLOVE MANUFACTURER.
Eye Protection:WEAR A FACE SHIELD, CHEMICAL GOGGLES.
Other Protective Equipment:EYE FLUSHING EQUIPMENT. APPROPRIATE CHEMICAL RESISTANT PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.
Work Hygienic Practices:RINSE CONTAMINATED SKIN PROMPTLY. WASH CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND CLEAN PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT BEFORE REUSE.WASH SKIN THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING.
Supplemental Safety and Health
SPILL: CONSULT A REGULATORY SPECIALIST TO DETERMINE APPROPIATE STATE OR LOCAL R
EPORTING REQUIREMENTS, FOR ASSISTANCE IN WASTE CHARACTERIZATION &/OR HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL & OTHER REQUIREMENTS LISTED IN PERTINENT ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS.

HCC:F2 Boiling Pt:=76.7C, 170.F Vapor Pres:40 MMHG Vapor Density:>1 Spec Gravity:0.81 Evaporation Rate & amp; Reference:>1 Solubility in Water:APPRECIABLE Appearance and Odor:WATER-WHITE CLEAR LIQUID, ESTER/KETONE ODOR Percent Volatiles by Volume:100%

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Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid:YES

CONTACT WITH STRONG ACIDS, STRONG ALKALIES, STRONG OXIDIZERS. Stability Condition to Avoid:THIS MATERIAL IS CHEMICALLY STABLE UNDER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS OR STORAGE, SHIPMENT AND/OR USE. SEE HANDLING AND STORAGE SECTION OF THIS MSDS FOR SPECIFIED CONDITIONS. Hazardous Decomposition Products:THERMAL DECOMPOSITION MAY PRODUCE CARBON MONOXIDE, DIOXIDE AND OTHER TOXIC ORGANIC COMPOUND. Co

nditions to Avoid Polymerization:WILL NOT OCCUR.

Toxicological Information:PETROLEUM NAPHTHA-WORKPLACE EXPERIENCE INDICATES THAT SHORT-TERM OVEREXPOSURE CAUSES SKIN, EYE & UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION, NAUSEA & DIZZINESS. REPEATED SKIN CONTACT IN THE WORKPLACE HAS BEEN REPORTED TO CAUSE DEFATTING RESULTING IN DERMATITIS.. SKIN ALLERGY WAS OBSERVED IN GUINEA PIGS FOLLOWING REPEATED SKIN CONTACT. FOLLOW ING REPEATED INHALATION EXPOSURE, KIDNEY CHANGES WERE OBSERVED IN MALE RATS. KIDNEY TUBULE EFFECTS WERE OBSERVED IN LONG-TERM INHALATION STUDIES IN GUINEA PIGS, PETROLEUM NAPHTHA.

Ecological:CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION: THIS MATERIAL IS READILY DEGRADED BY ACTIVATED SLUDGE & BY BACTERIA IN ESTUARINE & MARINE ENVIRONMENTS. IF IS BIODEGRADADED BY A VARIETY OF SOIL MICROORGANISMS USING THIS MA TERIAL (UP T

O 0.1%) AS THE SOLE CARBON SOURCE. BIODEGRADABILITY RANGED FROM 63% TO 86% AFTER UP TO 20 DAYS USING DOMESTIC FILTERED WASTE WATER EFFLUENT. THIS MATERIAL IS NOT EXPECTED TO BIOCONCENTRATE IN FISH OR OTHER AQAUTIC ORGANISMS. THE LOG OCTANOL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT (LOG KOW) IS 2.79.

Waste Disposal Methods:RECOVER, RECLAIM OR RECYCLE WHEN PRACTICAL. DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE & LOCAL RE GULATIONS.

NOTE: CHEMICAL ADDITIONS TO, PROCESSING OF, OR OTHERWISE ALTERING THIS MATERIAL MAY MAKE T HIS WASTE MANAGEMENT INFORMATION INCOMPLETE, INACCURATE, OR OTHERWISE INAPPROPRIATE. STATE & LOCAL W ASTE DISPOSAL REGS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM FEDERAL.

Transport Information:DOT NAME: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, NOS. DOT TECHNICAL NAME: (TOLUENE, ETHYL ACETATE). DOT HAZARD CLASS: 3. UN NUMBER: UN1993. DOT PACKING GROUP: PG II. RQ: "BLANK".

SARA Title III Information:HAZARD CATEGORIES UNDER CRITERIA OF SARA TITLE III RULES (40 CFR PART 370): IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) HEALTH: Y. DELAYED (CHRONIC) HEALTH: Y. FIRE: Y. REACTIVE : N. SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE: N. SARA REPORTA BLE QUANTITIES: METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE: CERCLA=5000 LBS. TOLUENE=1000 LBS. ETHYL ACETATE=5000 LBS. SARA TITLE III, SECTION 313: ISOPROPANOL, METHYL ISOBU TYL KETONE,

TOLUENE.

Federal Regulatory Information: THE COMPONENTS OF THIS PRODUCT ARE ALL ON THE TSCA INVENTORY LIST.

State Regulatory Information:CALIFORNIA PROP 65-DEVELOPMENTAL TOXIN: TOLUENE. MASSACHUSETTES RIGHT TO KNOW: ETHYL ACETATE, ISOPROPANOL, METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE, TOLUENE. NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOWN: ETHYL ACETATE, ISOPROPANOL, METHY L ISOBUTYL KETONE, TOLUENE. PENNSYLVANIA ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD: ETHYL ACETATE, ISOPROPANOL, METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE, TOLUENE. PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT TO KNOW: ETHYL

ACETATE, ISOPROPANOL, METHYL ISOBUTYL KETO NE, TOLUENE.

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