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CAAP CO INC -- CAAPCOAT POLYURETHANE ACCELERATOR -- 8010-01-235-0827

Product ID:CAAPCOAT POLYURETHANE ACCELERATOR MSDS Date:09/01/1996 FSC:8010 NIIN:01-235-0827 Status Code:A MSDS Number: CLLYG === Responsible Party === **Company Name: CAAP CO INC** Address:152 PEPE'S FARM RD City:MILFORD State:CT ZIP:06460 Country:US Info Phone Num:203-877-0375 **Emergency Phone Num:8** 00-424-9300 Preparer's Name: ERNEST CARTER Chemtrec Ind/Phone:(800)424-9300 CAGE:60922 === Contractor Identification === **Company Name: CAAP CO INC** Address:152 PEPE'S FARM RD Box:City:MILFORD State:CT ZIP:06460 Country:US Phone:203-877-0375 CAGE:60922

Ingred Name:METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE CAS:108-10-1 RTECS #:SA9275000 = Wt:39. OSHA PEL:410 MG/M3;100 PPM ACGIH TLV:205 MG/M3;50 PPM ACGIH STEL:307 MG/M3;75 PPM EPA Rpt Qty:5000 LBS DO T Rpt Qty:5000 LBS

Ingred Name:METHYL ETHYL KETONE CAS:78-93-3 RTECS #:EL6475000 = Wt:60. OSHA PEL:590 MG/M3;200 PPM ACGIH TLV:590 MG/M3;200 PPM ACGIH STEL:885 MG/M3;300 PPM EPA Rpt Qty:5000 LBS DOT Rpt Qty:5000 LBS

Ingred Name:DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE CAS:77-58-7 RTECS #:WH7000000 &It; Wt:1.

Health Hazards Acute and Chronic:CONTACT MAY DAMAGE EYES. IRRITATE SKIN. AND CAUSE RESPRATORY IRRITATION UPON INHALATION. VAPORS AND MISTS IRRITATE THE NOSE AND THROAT. INHALATION OF HIGHER CONCENTRATIONS MAY CAUSE HEADACHES, NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND COMA. INHALATION OF VERY HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OR PROLONGED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE KIDNEY AND LIVER DAMAGE.

Effects of Overexposure:VAPOR EXPOSURE: BURNING EYES, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, THROAT IRRITATION, LOSS OF APPETITE, NAUSEA. VOMITING CONTACT: MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OF SKIN, BURNING OF SKIN OR EYES. Medical Cond Aggravated by Exposure:PREEXISTING ALLERGIES, EYE, SKIN

RESPIRATORY DISORDERS.

First Aid:EYES: FLUSH WITH LOTS OF RUNING WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER EYELIDS OCCASIONALLY GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN: WASH WELL WITH LOTS OF SOAP AND WATER. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL A TTENTION. INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION IF NOT BREATHING GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. INGESTION: GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. Flash Point Method:TCC Flash Point:=-5.C, 23.F Lower Limits:1.0% Upper Limits:11.5% Extinguishing Media:USE WATER FOG, DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM, OR CO2. Fire Fighting Procedures:FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard:PRODUCT IS A FLAMMABLE LIQUID AVOID ACCUMULATION OF WATER AS THIS PRODUCT MAY FLOAT ON WATER AND MAY REIGNITE ON THE SURFACE OF THE WATER.

Spill Release Procedures:WEAR PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT INCLUDING RUBBER BOOTS, RUBBER GLOVES, RUBBER APRON, AND A SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.CONTAIN THE SPILL WITH ABSORBENT MATERIAL. CLEAN UP THE ABSORBENT AND CONTAIN SE CURELY. SWEEP AND WET MOP THE AFFECTED AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER.

====== Exposure Controls/Personal Protection ==========

Respiratory Protection:WEAR A NIOSH AP

PROVED RESPIRATOR

Ventilation: THE EXHAUST VENTILATION SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT TO KKEP THE AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS BELOW THE PEL'S

Protective Gloves: SOLVENT RESISTANT GLOVES

Eye Protection: SOLVENT RESISTANT SAFETY GOGGLES

Other Protective Equipment: AN EYEWASH AND SAFETY SHOWER SHOULD BE NEARBY AND READY FOR USE.

Work Hygienic Practices: WASH WELL WITH SOAP AND WATER AFTER HANDLING THE PRODUCT.

Supplemental Safety and Health

ONLY PROPERLY TRAINED AND PROTECTED PERSONNEL SHOULD BE IN THE

IMMEDIATE SPRAY AREA. THE EXHAUST VENTILATION SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT TO KEEP THE AIRBORNE CONCENTRATION BELOW THE PEL. VENTILATION SYSTEMS SHOULD BE DESIGNED TO DRAW AIR PAST THE OPERATOR, THEN PAST THE SOURCE OF VAPOR, THEN TO THE EXHAUST, NOT THE REVERSE.

Boiling Pt:=116.1C, 241.F Vapor Pres:(MM HG): 48 Vapor Density:AIR=1 2.9 Spec Gravity:0.80 (ACCELERATOR) Evaporation Rate & amp; Reference:(BUTYL ACETATE=1): 3 .0 Solubility in Water:SLIGHT (ACCELERATOR) Appearance and Odor:CLEAR LIQUID WITH KETONE ODOR (ACCELERATOR)

Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid:YES

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS, CHLORINATED COMPOUNDS, COPPER ALLOYS, ACIDS. AND ALKALIS.

Stability Condition to Avoid:HOT SURFACES. AND TEMPERATURES ABOVE 100 F (38 C). DO NOT SMOKE IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA WHERE THE PRODUCT IS BEING USED.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:CAR

BON MONOXIDE . CARBON DIOXIDE, AND

BLACK SMOKE CONTAINING UNIDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MAY BE RELEASED DURING COMBUSTION.

Conditions to Avoid Polymerization: WILL NOT OCCUR.

Toxicological Information: VENTILIATION SHOULD BE IN ACCORDACNE WITH ACGIH GUIDELINES AS CONTAINED IN ITS INDUSTRIEAL VENTILATION PUBICATION.

Ecological:*SWEEP AND WET MO P THE AFFECTED AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER. VENTILATED THE AREA AS WELL AS POSSIBLE.

Waste Disposal Methods: REGULATIONS MAY VARY FROM STATE TO STATE: DISPOSE OF ACCORDING TO STATE, LOCAL, AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Transport Information: THE USER MUST BE FULLY PROTECTED FROM EXPOSURE TO THE MATERIAL CURING MIXING AND SPRAY APPLICATION. IF EXPOSURE

MIGHT OCCUR A FULL PERMEATION RESISTANT PROTECTIVE SUIT INCLUDING HEAD COVERING, FACE S HIELD, GLOVES, AND OVERSHORES IS REQUIRED.

State Regulatory Information:MIBK, MEK, XYLENE: MA, PA RIGHT-TO-KNOW. METHYLENE BIS (4-CYCLOHEXYLISOCYANTE) : MA, NJ, PA RIGHT-TO-KNOW.

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